South Carolina Surface Water Quantity Modeling Project

Edisto Basin Meeting No. 2 – Introduction to the Draft Model

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Presentation Outline

- Project Background and Status
- Model Calibration/Verification
 - Calibration/Verification Philosophy and Approach
 - Calibration Results and Discussion
- Edisto Baseline Model
 - Overview and Uses

Project Purpose

- Build surface water quantity models capable of:
 - Accounting for inflows and outflows from a basin
 - Accurately simulating streamflows and reservoir levels over the historical inflow record
 - Conducting "What if" scenarios to evaluate future water demands, management strategies and system performance.



The Simplified Water Allocation Model is...

- A water accounting tool
 - Calculates physically and legally available water
 - Traces water through a natural stream network, simulating withdrawals, discharges, storage, and hydroelectric operations
- Not precipitation-runoff model (e.g., HEC-HMS)
- Not a hydraulic model (e.g. HEC-RAS)
- Not a water quality model (e.g., QUAL2K)
- Not an optimization model
- Not a groundwater flow model (e.g., MODFLOW)

Project Status – Edisto Basin



Calibration vs. Baseline Model

Calibration Model

- Purpose: Confirm models ability to accurately simulate river basin flows and storage amounts
- Uses recent withdrawal, discharge and flow records

Baseline Model

- Purpose: Evaluate water availability under future conditions
- Uses entire record of flow and most current withdrawals and discharges

Edisto Basin – SWAM Framework



Modeling Report and Other Documents

http://www.dnr.sc.gov/water/waterplan/surfacewater.html

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Buy Boating	Education Fishing Hunting Land Maps Regulati	ions Water Wildlife										
Information	Surface Water Modeling and Assessme	nts										
Contact Us	Effective water planning and management requires an accurate assessment of											
News	the location and quantity of the water resources of the State, and one of the most useful tools for evaluating management strategies is a computer model that											
Other States	simulates the surface water system throughout an entire watershed. To that end, SCDNR and SCDHEC have begun the process of developing surface-water quantity models for each of the <u>eight major watersheds</u> , or basins, in South Carolina.											
Presentations												
Surface Water Modeling												
Water Assessment (2009 Report)	A more detailed discussion of the proposed surface water modeling can be found in the document <u>Basinwide Surface Water Modeling in South Carolina PDF</u> , and an overview of each of the eight basins for which the models will be developed can be found in the document <u>Major Basins of South Carolina PDF</u> .											
Water Plan (2004 Report)												
White Papers	In July 2014, CDM Smith, Inc. was awarded a contract to develop the models for											
Water Plan Home	the state. Project Documents											
Hydrology Section												
	For any questions regarding these reports and presentations, please contact Jou Gellici by phone (803-734-6428,) or <u>email</u> .											
	For information about stakeholder meetings, please visit scwatermodels.com.											
	(Documents below are in <u>PDF</u> format.)											
	Show / Hide All Documents											
	Monthly Progress Reports	\odot										
	Legislative Quarterly Reports	\odot										
	Technical Reports	\odot										
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South Carolina Department of Natural Resources - <u>Phone Numbers</u> | <u>Accessibility</u> | <u>FO</u>] Rembert C. Dennis Building, 1000 Assembly Street, Columbia, SC 29201 © 2014 All rights reserved. <u>webmaster@dnr.sc.gov</u>



Edisto River Basin

MODEL CALIBRATION/VERIFICATION

Calibration Objectives

- 1. Extend hydrologic inputs (headwater UIFs) spatially to adequately represent entire basin hydrology by parameterizing reach hydrologic inputs
- 2. Refine initial parameter estimates, as appropriate
 - E.g. reservoir operating rules, %Consumptive Use assumptions, return flow locations
- 3. Gain confidence in the model as a predictive tool by demonstrating its ability to adequately replicate past hydrologic conditions, operations, and water use
 - without being overly prescriptive

Potential Sources of Model Error and Uncertainty

- Gaged flow data (± 20%)
- Gaged reservoir levels (± ?%)
- Basin climate and hydrologic variability
- Reported withdrawal data
- Consumptive use percentages
- Return flow locations (outdoor use)
- Return flow lag times (if applicable, e.g. outdoor use)
- Reach hydrology: gains, losses, local runoff and inflow

Calibration/Validation General Approach

- 1983 2013 hindcast period; monthly timestep
 - Includes droughts in both early and late 2000's
- Comparison to gaged (measured) flow data only
 - operations and impairments are implicit in that data
- Assess performance at (subject to gage data availability):
 - multiple mainstem and tributary locations
 - major reservoirs (none in the Edisto)
- Multiple model performance metrics, including:
 - timeseries plots (monthly and daily variability)
 - annual and monthly means (water balance and seasonality)
 - percentile plots (extremes and frequency)

Calibration Methodology

- Focus on characterizing natural hydrology throughout the basin by extending headwater flow inputs downstream
 - drainage area ratios for tributaries
 - gain/loss coefficients along the mainstem
 - adding in smaller ungaged tributaries (without nodes) as point sources
 - If necessary, look at other "uncertain" parameters: e.g. reservoir operations (if applicable), %CU, return flow locations
- Limited number of calibration parameters (adjustment "knobs") that are readily transferable to future applications

Calibration Steps: Flow Factors



Calibration Steps: Flow Factors



D	Model Trib	Trib Type	Area (ac)
DO152	North Fork Edisto River	Explicit	489509
DO160	Four Hole Swamp	Explicit	407245
DO164	Polk Swamp	Explicit	100030
DO172	North Edisto River	Explicit	94409
DO110	Shaw Creek	Explicit	85370
EDO134	Bull Swamp Creek	Explicit	61543
DO162	Indian Field Swamp	Explicit	59696
EDO148	Caw Caw Swamp	Explicit	51268
EDO130	Black Creek	Explicit	43746
DO156	Cow Castle Creek	Explicit	43706
ED0111	Dean Swamp Creek	Explicit	41752
DO158	Providence Swamp	Explicit	39712
DO112	Goodland Creek	Explicit	28412
EDO08	Cedar Creek	Explicit	27372
DO128	Long Branch	Explicit	23233
DO122	Roberts Swamp	Explicit	22018
DO02	McTier Creek	Explicit	21786
DO150	Cooper Swamp	Explicit	17029
DO116	Willow Swamp	Explicit	13812
DO146	Limestone Creek	Explicit	12979
DO114	Windy Hill Creek	Explicit	12388
DO154	Goodbys Swamp	Explicit	9519
DO108	Mill Creek	Explicit	9467
DO106	Beech Creek	Explicit	8339
DO120	Hayes Mill Creek	Explicit	7627
DO118	Sykes Swamp	Explicit	5705
DO124	Duncan Creek	Explicit	4179
DO102	Temples Creek	Explicit	3533
DO104	Bog Branch	Explicit	3188
DO409	Cattle Creek	Implicit	33511
DO403	Pond Branch	Implicit	22085
DO408	Betty Branch	Implicit	20789
DO406	Rocky Swamp Creek	Implicit	17699
DO411	Penny Creek	Implicit	17439
EDO400	Rocky Springs Creek	Implicit	17277
DO405	Spur Branch	Implicit	13577
EDO404	Yarrow Branch	Implicit	11468
EDO407	Snake Swamp	Implicit	10802
DO401	Cedar Creek (Implicit)	Implicit	10585
DO410	Pen Branch	Implicit	10489
DO402	Hunter Branch	Implicit	8779

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Wadmalaw River (North Edisto)

Calibration/Validation Locations



Bull Swamp Creek

Tributary to North Fork Edisto River



Monthly Flow Comparison

EDO9 BULL SWAMP CREEK BELOW SWANSEA, SC (CFS)



Monthly Mean Flow Comparison



Monthly Flow Percentiles Comparison

EDO9 BULL SWAMP CREEK BELOW SWANSEA, SC Monthly Flow Percentiles (CFS)



Annual Average Flow Comparison





Daily Comparison



Other Tributaries to N/S Forks and Edisto River



North Fork Edisto River at Orangeburg



Monthly Flow Comparison

EDO10 NORTH FORK EDISTO RIVER AT ORANGEBURG, SC (CFS)



Monthly Mean Flow Comparison



Monthly Flow Percentiles Comparison

EDO10 NORTH FORK EDISTO RIVER AT ORANGEBURG, SC Monthly Flow Percentiles (CFS)



Annual Average Flow Comparison



Daily Comparison



South Fork Edisto River near Denmark



Monthly Flow Comparison

EDO5 SOUTH FORK EDISTO RIVER NEAR DENMARK, SC (CFS)



Monthly Mean Flow Comparison



Monthly Flow Percentiles Comparison

EDO5 SOUTH FORK EDISTO RIVER NEAR DENMARK, SC Monthly Flow Percentiles (CFS)



Annual Average Flow Comparison



Daily Comparison



Edisto River Near Givhans



Monthly Flow Comparison

EDO13 EDISTO RIVER NR GIVHANS, SC (CFS)



Monthly Mean Flow Comparison



Monthly Flow Percentiles Comparison

EDO13 EDISTO RIVER NR GIVHANS, SC Monthly Flow Percentiles (CFS)



Annual Average Flow Comparison



Daily Comparison



SWAM Calibration/Validation Summary

- For all sites, modeled mean flow values, averaged over the full period of record, are within 2% of measured mean flows
- Monthly mean flows percentile deviations are all generally within 10-20% with no clear bias at most locations
 - S. Fork gages show slight summer/winter bias
- Modeled low flow values (as represented by 7Q10 flows) are within 10% of measured values at mainstem gages EDO 06 and EDO13; 15% at EDO 05 and EDO 07; and 50% at EDO 10
- The model adequately hindcasts delivered water supply for water user in the model (no significant shortfalls).
 - Select ag withdrawals near headwaters of tributaries are one exception

Draft to Final Model – Areas of Focus

- Modeled peak flows > observed peak flows
 - Investigate alternative reference gages for UIFs
- 1988 1991 modeled flows < observed flows along N and S Fork Edisto
- Slight seasonal bias along S Fork Edisto River and Edisto River
- Modeled ag shortages in headwaters of select tributaries
 - Investigate disaggregating withdrawal locations
 - Investigate inclusion of storage where small impoundments exist
 - Use segmented reach gain/loss factor

Edisto River Basin BASELINE MODEL

Baseline Model

- Represents current demands and operations combined with an extended period of estimated hydrology
 - Most demands reflect 2005-2014 averages
 - Estimated hydrology from 1931 to 2013
 - Inactive users are not included
- The baseline model serves as the starting point for future predictive simulations

The Models Can Be Used To...

- Determine surface-water availability
- Predict where and when future water shortages would occur
- Test alternative water management strategies, new operating rules, and "what-if" scenarios
- Evaluate the impacts of future withdrawals on instream flow needs
- Evaluate interbasin transfers
- Support development of Drought Management Plans
- Compare managed flows to natural flows
- Consolidate hydrologic data

Example Use Adding a New Industry

- Add a new M&I permittee on the South Fork Edisto River
 - Demand = 7,000 MGY (19 mgd)
 - Is there enough water for the new industry?
- Add a new Instream Flow Object downstream
 - Instream Flow Target = 300 cfs
 - Can this also be satisfied?

Add an Industrial Water User Object from the Palette



Add an Industrial Water User Object from the Palette



Add the New Industry in the Water User Dialogue



Specify Water Use



Specify the Source and Diversion Location



Specify the Return Location



Run the Model Scenario

Build a Shortage Plot for the New Industry

Build a Shortage Plot for the New Industry

Shortages are Also Listed in the Node Output Table

1	А	В	AK	AL	AM	AN	AO	AP	AQ	AR	AS	AT	AU	AV	AW	AX	AY	AZ
	Output									Storage								
	Output						Permit	Ditch	Storage	Withdraw								Permit
							Limit_	Capacity	Capacity	al Permit								Limit
1				Priority Rank	Reach	Location	(MGM)	(CFS)	(MG)	(MGM)					Priority Rank	Reach	Location	(MGM)
2			IN: New	58	Mainstom	51	10000	10000	0	225820			ID: Sor	inatiold Grain (o Totale			20000
2			mausury	50	wanstem	51	10000	10000	U	J20029		E	ік: эрп	ngileid Grain C	O TOLAIS			20000
3		Date	Physically Avail. (MGD)	Legally Avail. (MGD)	Diverted (MGD)	Storage (MG)	GW Pumping (MGD)	Demand (MGD)	Shortage (MGD)	Flow (MGD)	Release (MGD)	Evap Losses (MGD)		Physically Avail. (MGD)	Legally Avail. (MGD)	Diverted (MGD)	Storage (MG)	GVV Pumping (MGD)
4		Min	50	50	9	0	0	9	0	9	0	0		35	35	0	0	0
5		Max	1346	357	36	0	0	36	0	14	0	0		1382	378	3	0	0
6		Avg	308	250	19	0	0	19	0	11	0	0		315	257	0	0	0
7		1/31/83	416	323	9	0	0	9	0	9	0	0		434	336	0	0	0
8		2/28/83	533	357	10	0	0	10	0	10	0	0		553	3/2	0	0	0
9		3/31/83	/26	323	9	0	0	9	0	9	0	0		/51	340	0	0	0
10		4/30/83	698	333	14	0	0	14	0	11	0	0		/19	350	0	0	0
11		5/31/83	385	323	23	0	0	23	0	13	0	0		393	336	1	0	0
12		6/30/83	418	333	30	0	0	30	0	13	0	0		420	347	1	0	0
13		//31/83	314	314	36	0	0	36	0	13	0	0		306	306	1	0	0
14		8/31/83	339	323	34	0	0	34	0	14	0	0		335	335	1	0	0
15		9/30/83	323	323	28	0	0	28	0	14	0	0		326	326	0	0	0
16		10/31/83	243	243	18	0	0	18	0	13	0	0		251	251	0	0	0
1/		11/30/83	214	214	9	0	0	9	0	9	0	0		226	226	0	0	0
18		12/31/83	440	323	9	0	0	9	0	9	0	0		458	336	0	0	0
19		1/31/84	361	323	9	0	0	9	0	9	0	0		3/8	335	0	0	0
20		2/28/84	424	357	10	0	0	10	0	10	0	0		442	3/1	0	0	0
21		3/31/84	523	323	9	0	0	9	0	9	0	0		542	337	0	0	0
22		4/30/84	500	333	14	0	0	14	0	11	0	0		51/	348	0	0	0
23		5/31/84	764	323	23	0	0	23	0	13	0	0		779	339	0	0	0
24		6/30/84	247	247	30	0	0	30	0	13	0	0		244	244	1	0	0
25		0/24/04	379	323	36	0	0	36	0	13	0	0		3/3	336	1	0	0
20		0/20/04	399	323	34	0	0	34	0	14	0	0		397	336	1	0	0
21		9/30/84	264	264	20	0	0	20	0	14	0	0		265	205	1	0	0
20		10/31/64	333	323	10	0	0	10	0	13	0	0		344	335	0	0	0
29		10/04/04	322	322	9	0	0	9	0	9	0	0		330	330	0	0	0
30		1/21/04	309	323	9	0	0	9	0	9	0	0		200	330	0	0	0
20		1/31/05	514	323	9	0	0	9	0	9	0	0		590	330	0	0	0
32		2/20/00	222	307	10	0	0	10	0	10	0	0		077	371	0	0	0
33		3/31/05	203	203	9	0	0	9	0	9	0	0		211	211	0	0	0
36		5/31/8F	187	187	23	0	0	23	0	13	0	0		188	188	1	0	0
36		6/30/85	226	226	30	0	0	30	0	13	0	0		222	222	1	0	0
37		7/31/85	220	220	36	0	0	36	0	13	0	0		222	222	1	0	0
38		8/31/85	247	247	34	0	0	3/	0	1/	0	0		231	230	1	0	0
30		0/30/85	178	178	28	0	0	28	0	14	0	0		176	176	1	0	0
		5/50/05	1/0	170	20	-		20	-	14	-	-		110	170	-	-	-
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Main	Node Outpu	at 🕨 Reservoir	Output Flow	Gage Outp	ut Aqui	fer Output	(: -

Add an Instream Flow Object from the Palette

Specify the Instream Flow Amount and Target Stream

Run the Model Scenario

Build a Shortage Plot for the Instream Flow Object

Build a Shortage Plot for the Instream Flow Object

Demonstrations and Q&A

• Station 1 (Tim)

Evaluating an increase in WS User demands

• Station 2 (John)

Evaluating a withdrawal with a minimum instream flow constraint

• Station 3 (Kirk)

Adding new M&I user and an instream flow object

Edisto River Basin THANK YOU